

**SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOYBEAN BOARD**

COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

State of South Carolina



Office of the State Auditor

1401 MAIN STREET, SUITE 1200
COLUMBIA, S.C. 29201

RICHARD H. GILBERT, JR., CPA
DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

(803) 253-4160
FAX (803) 343-0723

September 28, 2012

The Honorable Nikki R. Haley, Governor
and
Members of the South Carolina Soybean Board
Columbia, South Carolina

This report on the audit of the financial statements of the South Carolina Department of Agriculture – Soybean Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was issued by Rogers Laban, PA, Certified Public Accountants, under contract with the South Carolina Office of the State Auditor.

If you have any questions regarding this report, please let us know.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Richard H. Gilbert Jr.", written in a cursive style.

Richard H. Gilbert, Jr., CPA
Deputy State Auditor

RHGjr/sag

**SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOYBEAN BOARD**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. Richard H. Gilbert, Jr., CPA,
Deputy State Auditor
State of South Carolina
Columbia, South Carolina

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of the South Carolina Department of Agriculture – Soybean Board ("the Board") special revenue fund and the related statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the Financial Statements of the South Carolina Department of Agriculture – Soybean Board special revenue fund are intended to present the financial position and results of operations of only that portion of the funds of the South Carolina Department of Agriculture attributable to the transactions of the Soybean Board special revenue fund and do not include any other accounts or funds of the South Carolina Department of Agriculture or any other department or component unit of the State of South Carolina, and are not intended to present fairly the financial statements and results of operations of the South Carolina Department of Agriculture in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the South Carolina Department of Agriculture – Soybean Board special revenue fund as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 11, 2012, on our consideration of the Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Rogers Laban, PA

September 11, 2012

**SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOYBEAN BOARD**

**BALANCE SHEET
JUNE 30, 2012**

Assets

Cash	\$ 865,176
Accounts receivable	91,547
	<hr/>
Total assets	<u>\$ 956,723</u>

Liabilities and Fund Equity

Liabilities:

Accounts payable	\$ 114,433
Accrued payroll and related benefits	3,404
	<hr/>
Total liabilities	<u>117,837</u>

Fund Equity:

Spendable - Unassigned	838,886
	<hr/>
Total fund equity	<u>838,886</u>

Total liabilities and fund equity	<u>\$ 956,723</u>
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See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

**SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOYBEAN BOARD**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012**

Revenue	
Assessments	\$ 692,712
Less, assessments remitted to other states	(217,581)
Less, assessments remitted to United Soybean Board	(234,428)
Total net assessment revenue	<u>240,703</u>
Total revenue	<u>240,703</u>
Expenditures	
Salaries and benefits	40,984
Research	102,177
Operating expenditures	42,462
Board member reimbursements	1,015
Travel	9,979
Professional and consulting services	4,146
Total expenditures	<u>200,763</u>
Excess of revenue over expenditures	39,940
Fund balance, July 1, 2011	<u>798,946</u>
Fund balance, June 30, 2012	<u>\$ 838,886</u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

**SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOYBEAN BOARD**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2012**

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The South Carolina Soybean Board (also referred to as the “South Carolina Department of Agriculture - Soybean Board” and the “Soybean Board” and the “Board”) was established as a commodity board under Section 46-17-190 of the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1962 and is included as part of the South Carolina Department of Agriculture. The Department of Agriculture is considered part of the State of South Carolina's primary government and is included in the State of South Carolina's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as such. This is based on guidance provided by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The Board was established for education, promotion and research to strengthen the soybean industry's position in the marketplace.

The South Carolina Soybean Board, whose members are elected by the local producers, is the governing body of the South Carolina Soybean Board.

The South Carolina Department of Agriculture administers the Soybean Board. The Board operates as a special revenue fund of the Department of Agriculture. The accompanying financial statements present the financial position and results of operations solely of the South Carolina Soybean Board special revenue fund and do not include any other funds of the State of South Carolina.

Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The financial statements were prepared using the fund accounting principles per the Government Accounting Standards Board *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*. The accounts of the Soybean Board are a special revenue fund of the Department of Agriculture. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in this individual fund based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. All accounts of the Soybean Board are reported in the special revenue funds of the South Carolina Department of Agriculture financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when revenue and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting also relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The Soybean Board is a special revenue fund. Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trust, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

All special revenue funds of governmental units are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenue is recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets.

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting generally when the related fund liability is incurred. Expenditure recognition is limited to exclude amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as expenditures in special revenue funds.

**SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOYBEAN BOARD**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2012**

Budgetary Controls

The following is a description of the budgetary process of the Soybean Board:

Several months prior to the start of the fiscal year, the executive director of the Soybean Board develops a budget proposal for revenue and expenditures. The proposal is developed through evaluation of historical financial data and on knowledge of future events. The proposal is presented to the Board for both discussion and review.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost if purchased. Capital assets contributed by other State agencies or funds are recorded at the original acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation from the purchase date. Assets donated by other parties are valued at fair market value at the date of gift. The capitalization dollar threshold limit for capital assets is \$5,000, and software is \$100,000. The Board had no capital asset purchases during the year, nor did it own any capital assets at June 30, 2012.

Compensated Absences

Generally all permanent full-time State employees and certain part-time employees scheduled to work at least one-half of the agency's work week are entitled to accrue and carry forward at calendar year-end a maximum of 180 days sick leave and 45 days annual vacation leave. Upon termination of State employment, employees are entitled to be paid for accumulated unused annual vacation leave up to the maximum of 45 days, but are not entitled to any payment for unused sick leave. The Department calculates the compensated absences liability based on recorded balances of unused leave for which the Department expects to compensate employees through paid time off or cash payments. The Soybean Board has not recorded the \$5,559 accrued compensated absences balance at June 30, 2012 since they do not affect net current assets.

Fund Balances

The GASB issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB 54) effective for reporting periods after June 15, 2010. The statement establishes fund balance classifications, provides for a hierarchy of spending constraints for spendable resources and requires disclosure of nonspendable and spendable resources.

GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact.

GASB 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints as follows:

Restricted – Fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed – Fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government from its highest level of decision making authority.

**SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOYBEAN BOARD**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2012**

Assigned – Fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government to be used for a particular purpose.

Unassigned – Fund balances that are not constrained for any particular purpose.

At June 30, 2012, all of the Board's net assets have been classified as unassigned.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenditures and affect disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the South Carolina Department of Agriculture - Soybean Board are under the control of the State Treasurer who, by law, has sole authority for investing State Funds.

State law requires full collateralization of all State Treasurer bank balances. The State Treasurer must correct any deficiencies in collateral within seven days.

With respect to investments in the State's internal cash management pool, all of the State Treasurer's investments are insured or registered or are investments for which the securities are held by the State or its agent in the State's name. Information pertaining to the reported amounts, fair values, and credit risk of the State Treasurer's investments is disclosed in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of South Carolina.

Note 3. Pension Plan and Other Employee Benefits

The Retirement Division of the State Budget and Control Board maintains five independent defined benefit plans and issues its own publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which includes financial statements and required supplementary information. A copy of the separately issued CAFR may be obtained by writing to the Retirement Division, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, South Carolina 29223. Furthermore, the Division and the five pension plans are included in the CAFR of the State of South Carolina.

The one employee of the Board is eligible to participate in the South Carolina Retirement System and the State Health Insurance Group Plan. The South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system which provides annuity benefits as well as disability and group life insurance benefits to eligible employees and retirees. Section 9-1-480 Code of Laws of South Carolina, 1976 (as amended), states that all State employees unless specifically exempted shall become members of SCRS as a condition of their employment. The responsibility for administration of the systems is assigned by law to the State Budget & Control Board. The Board has no fiduciary responsibility or further liability for the retirement plan beyond the current contributions.

**SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOYBEAN BOARD**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2012**

Under the SCRS, employees are eligible for a full service retirement annuity upon reaching age 65 or completion of 28 years credited service regardless of age. The benefit formula for full benefits effective since July 1, 1989, for the SCRS is 1.82 percent of an employee's average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Early retirement options with reduced benefits are available as early as age 55. Employees are vested for a deferred annuity after five years service and qualify for a survivor's benefit upon completion of 15 years credited service (five years effective January 1, 2001). Disability annuity benefits are payable to employees totally and permanently disabled provided they have a minimum of five years credited service (this requirement does not apply if the disability is the result of a job-related injury). A group-life insurance benefit equal to an employee's annual rate of compensation is payable upon the death of an active employee with a minimum of one year of credited service.

Effective January 1, 2001, Section 9-1-2210 of the South Carolina Code of Laws allows employees eligible for service retirement to participate in the Teacher and Employee Retention Incentive (TERI) Program. TERI participants may retire and begin accumulating retirement benefits on a deferred basis without terminating employment for up to five years. Upon termination of employment or at the end of the TERI period, whichever is earlier, participants will begin receiving monthly service retirement benefits which will include any cost of living adjustments granted during the TERI period.

Since July 1, 2006, employees participating in the SCRS have been required to contribute 6.5% of all compensation. Effective July 1, 2011, the employer contribution rate became 13.685 percent, which included a 4.30 percent surcharge to fund retiree health and dental insurance coverage. The Board's actual contributions to SCRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$2,839, \$1,992 and \$2,203 and equaled the required contributions of 9.385%, 9.24%, and 9.24% (excluding the surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively. Also, the Board paid employer group-life insurance contributions of \$45 in the current fiscal year at the rate of .15 percent of compensation.

SCRS does not make separate measurements of assets and pension benefit obligations for individual employers. Accordingly, information regarding the excess, if any, applicable to the Board of the actuarially computed value of vested benefits over the total of the applicable pension fund and any balance sheet accruals, less any pension prepayments or deferred charges, is not available. By State law, the Board's liability under the retirement plan is limited to the amounts contributed during the year. Accordingly, the Board recognized no contingent liability for unfunded costs associated with participation in the plan.

Article X, Section 16 of the South Carolina Constitution requires that all state operated retirement systems be funded on a sound actuarial basis. Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1976, as amended, prescribes requirements relating to membership, benefit and employee/employer contributions for each retirement system. Employee and employer contribution rates to SCRS are actuarially determined. The surcharges to fund retiree health and dental insurance are not part of the actuarially established rates. Annual benefits, payable monthly for life, are based on length of service and on average final compensation (an annualized average of the employee's highest twelve consecutive quarters of compensation).

Note 4. Post-Employment and Other Employee Benefits

In accordance with the South Carolina Code of Laws and the annual Appropriations Act, the State provides post-employment health and dental and long-term disability benefits to retired State and school district employees and their covered dependents. The Board contributes to the Retiree Medical Plan (RMP) and the Long-term Disability Plan (LTDP), cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare and long-term disability plans administered by the Employee Insurance Program (EIP), a part of the State

**SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2012**

Budget and Control Board (SBCB). Generally, retirees are eligible for the health and dental benefits if they have established at least ten years of retirement service credit. For new hires May 2, 2008 and after, retirees are eligible for benefits if they have established twenty-five years of service for 100% employer funding and fifteen through twenty-four years of service for 50% employer funding. Benefits become effective when the former employee retires under a State retirement system.

Basic long-term disability (BLTD) benefits are provided to active state, public school district and participating local government employees approved for disability.

Section 1-11-705 and 1-11-710 of the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1976, as amended, requires these post-employment healthcare and long-term disability benefits be funded through annual appropriations by the General Assembly for active employees to the EIP and participating retirees to the SBCB except the portion funded through the pension surcharge and provided from other applicable sources of the EIP for its active employees who are not funded by State General Fund appropriations. Employers participating in the RMP are mandated by State statute to contribute at a rate assessed each year by the Office of the State Budget, 4.30% and 3.90% of annual covered payroll for 2012 and 2011, respectively. The EIP sets the employer contribution rate based on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Board paid \$1,301 and \$841 applicable to the surcharge included with the employer contribution for retirement benefits for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. BLTD benefits are funded through a per person premium charged to State agencies, public school districts, and other participating local governments. The monthly premium per active employee paid to EIP was \$3.22 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

Effective May 1, 2008 the State established two trust funds through Act 195 for the purpose of funding and accounting for the employer costs of retiree health and dental insurance benefits and long-term disability insurance benefits. The South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund is primarily funded through the payroll surcharge. Other sources of funding include additional State appropriated dollars, accumulated EIP reserves, and income generated from investments. The Long Term Disability Insurance Trust Fund is primarily funded through investment income and employer contributions.

One may obtain complete financial statements for the benefit plans and the trust funds from Employee Insurance Program, 1201 Main Street, Suite 360, Columbia, SC 29201.

Note 5. Deferred Compensation Plans

Several optional deferred compensation plans are available to State employees and employers of its political subdivisions. The employee of the South Carolina Department of Agriculture - Soybean Board does not participate. The multiple-employer plans, created under Internal Revenue Code sections 457, 401(k), and 403(b) are administered by third parties and are not included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of South Carolina. Compensation deferred under the plans is placed in trust for the contributing employee. Employees may withdraw the current value of their contributions when they terminate State employment. Employees may also withdraw the current value of their contributions prior to termination if they meet requirements specified by the applicable plan. The State has no liability for losses under the plans.

Note 6. Related Party Transactions

The Soybean Board has certain transactions with the South Carolina Department of Agriculture and various other state agencies.

**SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOYBEAN BOARD**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2012**

Services received at no cost from State agencies include processing certain accounting records and payroll and disbursement processing from the Comptroller General; check preparation, banking functions from the State Treasurer; and legal services from the Attorney General. Other services received at no cost from the various divisions of the State Budget and Control Board include retirement plan administration, insurance plans administration, personnel management, procurement services, and other centralized functions.

The Department of Agriculture provides to the Board at no cost, office space, personnel and payroll services, record keeping, disbursement processing, insurance coverage and other centralized functions. The amount of 2012 expenditures applicable to these services is not readily determinable.

The Board also had financial transactions with various State agencies during the fiscal year. Certain payments were made to divisions of the State Budget and Control Board for office supplies, telephone, interagency mail, and data processing services. The amounts of 2012 expenditures applicable to related party transactions are not readily available.

The South Carolina Soybean Board paid \$102,177 to Clemson University, a state supported institution, for Soybean related research during the year.

Effective September 1991, the South Carolina Soybean Board, as a Qualified State Soybean Board, started remitting a portion of its assessment proceeds to the United Soybean Board. The authority for the formation of the United Soybean Board was the Soybean Promotion and Research, and Consumer Information Act of 1990 (the "Act"), approved on November 28, 1990, by the United States Congress: The "Act" provides for the establishment of a coordinated program of promotion, research and consumer information designed to strengthen the soybean industry's position in the marketplace, as well as to maintain and expand domestic and foreign markets and uses for soybeans and soybean products. As provided in the Act, the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture (the "Secretary") issued the Soybean Promotion and Research Order, effective November 28, 1990, which provides the terms and conditions for the Act's administration. The United Soybean Board, which was created and approved by the Secretary to administer the Act, consisted of various members who are representatives of the soybean industry in the United States.

The program is financed exclusively by an assessment of .005% of the net market price of the soybeans sold by the producer. The assessments are remitted to the South Carolina Department of Agriculture - Soybean Board. The United Soybean Board receives approximately one-half of assessment monies and the South Carolina Department of Agriculture retains the remainder.

During this fiscal year, the South Carolina Soybean Board did not receive credits from the United Soybean Board to be used against the monthly 50% remittances for assessments. This credit provision has been enacted to lessen the impact of unfavorable market conditions upon soybean assessments. These credits are calculated by the United Soybean Board and are based on a comparison of the five-year average of revenue to the most current year's revenue.

The Soybean Board also has related party transactions with the South Carolina Corn and Soybean Association. During this fiscal year, the South Carolina Corn and Soybean Association performed several promotional and educational projects related to producer communication and industry information for the South Carolina Soybean Board. The South Carolina Soybean Board reimbursed \$2,250 in actual costs incurred by the South Carolina Corn and Soybean Association for these projects.

**SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOYBEAN BOARD**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2012**

Note 7. Risk Management

The South Carolina Department of Agriculture - Soybean Board is exposed to various risks of loss and maintains State or commercial insurance coverage for certain risks. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the South Carolina Department of Agriculture - Soybean Board. The South Carolina Department of Agriculture - Soybean Board has not had any claims in the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. The South Carolina Department of Agriculture pays insurance premiums to certain State agencies and commercial insurers to cover risks that may occur in normal operations. The insurers promise to pay to or on behalf of the insured for covered premium losses sustained during the policy period in accord with the insurance policy and benefit program limits. Several State funds accumulate assets and the State itself assumes substantially all risks for the following:

1. Claims of covered employees for health and dental insurance benefits (Office of Insurance Services).
2. Claims of covered public employees for long-term disability and group-life insurance benefits (Office of Insurance Services).
3. Claims of covered public employees for workers' compensation insurance benefits (State Accident Fund).
4. Claims of covered public employees for unemployment compensation insurance benefits (Department of Employment and Workforce).

The South Carolina Department of Agriculture and other entities pay premiums to the State's Insurance Reserve Fund (IRF) which issues policies, accumulates assets to cover the risks of loss and pays claims incurred for covered losses related to the following Fund assets, activities, and/or events.

1. Personal property and equipment - Eighty percent of each loss is covered by the IRF. Losses are subject to a \$1,000 deductible.
2. Data processing equipment - Coverage is up to \$100,000 per loss with a \$1,000 deductible.
3. Torts.

The IRF is a self-insurer and purchases reinsurance to obtain certain services and specialized coverage and to limit losses. The IRF's rates are determined actuarially.

The South Carolina Department of Agriculture purchases insurance coverage for employee fidelity bond insurance coverage arising from theft or misappropriations. The policy has a \$1,000 deductible with a coverage limit of \$50,000.

The South Carolina Department of Agriculture - Soybean Board has not recorded any estimated losses or expenditures related to the deductible or policy limits because there is no evidence of asset impairment or other information to indicate a loss should be recorded.

All payments for insurance are made by the Department and the Soybean Board does not reimburse any of those expenses.

QSSB - SOUTH CAROLINA

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITIES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
COMPARED TO ACTUAL ONLY FOR JUNE 30, 2011**

	JUNE 30, 2012			JUNE 30, 2011
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Difference	Actual
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS				
Revenues				
Assessments collected from first purchasers	\$ 475,131	\$ 535,900	\$ (60,769)	\$ 491,055
Assessments collected for other states	217,581	215,000	2,581	164,024
Total assessments	692,712	750,900	(58,188)	655,079
Less: Assessments remitted to United Soybean Board	234,428	267,950	(33,522)	245,880
Assessments remitted to other states	217,581	215,000	2,581	164,024
Total assessments remitted	452,009	482,950	(30,941)	409,904
Net assessments	240,703	267,950	(27,247)	245,175
Total revenues	240,703	267,950	(27,247)	245,175
Expenses				
Salaries and benefits	40,984	40,746	238	28,654
Research	102,177	102,177	-	93,532
Operating expenditures	42,462	31,550	10,912	22,028
Board member reimbursements	1,015	1,680	(665)	1,330
Travel	9,979	16,000	(6,021)	6,529
Professional and consulting services	4,146	2,250	1,896	1,093
Total expenses	200,763	194,403	6,360	153,166
Increase in net assets	\$ 39,940	\$ 73,547	\$ (33,607)	\$ 92,009

**QSSB - SOUTH CAROLINA
SCHEDULE OF CONTRACTS/GRANTS IN PROCESS
JUNE 30, 2012**

<u>Contract/Grant Description</u>	<u>Total Budgeted</u>	<u>Total Expended as of June 30, 2012</u>	<u>Remaining Balance as of June 30, 2012</u>
Lance Nematodes in South Carolina: Identification and Distribution of Species in Soybean Fields	\$ 12,790	\$ 12,790	\$ -
Investigating the Pest Status of the Invasive Bean Plataspid (<i>Megacopta cribraria</i>) in South Carolina Soybeans	20,000	20,000	-
Evaluating the Liberty Link Technology for Weed Control in Soybean Production in SC	5,000	5,000	-
Improvement of Stress Responses in SC Soybean: Markers and Pathways	9,000	9,000	-
Evaluation of Selected Herbicide Programs for Control of Glyphosate-Resistant Palmer Amaranth in Soybean	20,462	20,462	-
Management of Soybean Nematodes with Resistance and Nematicidal Seed Treatments	10,000	10,000	-
Breeding Improved Soybean Cultivars for South Carolina	8,925	8,925	-
Screening Elite Soybean Lines for Resistance to Multiple Species of Nematodes and Foliar Diseases	6,000	6,000	-
Evaluation of Late Planting Dates and Row Spacing on Roundup Ready MG VII and VIII Soybeans at Two Locations in South Carolina	10,000	10,000	-
	<u>\$ 102,177</u>	<u>\$ 102,177</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Mr. Richard H. Gilbert, Jr., CPA,
Deputy State Auditor
State of South Carolina
Columbia, South Carolina

We have audited the balance sheet of the South Carolina Department of Agriculture – Soybean Board ("the Board") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated September 11, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Board's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2012-1 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2012-2. Specifically, compliance with the Soybean Promotion, Research and Consumer Information Act of 1990 ("the Act") and the Soybean Promotion and Research Order ("the Order") relative to the use of funds collected by the Board and with the terms described in Section 1220.228(a) of the Order relative to prohibited uses of funds collected by the Board, is the responsibility of the

Board's management. As part of our audit as of and for the year-ended June 30, 2012, we assessed the risk that noncompliance with the Act and the Order as explained above, could cause the financial statements to be materially misstated.

We concluded that the risk of such material misstatement was sufficiently low and that it was necessary to perform tests of the Board's compliance with the Act and the Order. In connection with our audit, items 2012-1 and 2012-2 came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Board has not complied, in all material respects, with the Act and the Order referred to above.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the Board failed to comply with the terms, in so far as they relate to accounting matters of the Act and the Order relative to the use of funds collected by the Board and with the terms described in Section 1220.228(a) of the Order relative to prohibited uses of funds collected by the Board.

Additionally, in connection with our audit, since the Board does not hold invested funds nor does it invest any funds, nothing came to our attention to indicate that the Board failed to comply with the terms, in so far as they relate to accounting matters of the Order relative to investment of funds collected by the Board and the provisions of Section 1220.211(j). However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance in the use and investment of funds.

The Board's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in Appendix A. We did not audit the Board's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the State Auditor, Commissioner and Management of the South Carolina Department of Agriculture – Soybean Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rogers Lalan, PA

September 11, 2012

**SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOYBEAN BOARD**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
JUNE 30, 2012**

2012-1 Deficiencies Noted in Financial Records and Statements

Condition: Our audit disclosed deficiencies in the preparation of financial statements, reconciliation processes, and recording of transactions in the books of the Board. The deficiencies include the following:

1. The assessments remitted to the United Soybean Board and accounts payable were understated by approximately \$4,000 because various assessments were not reported on the transmittal forms and Board personnel did not detect the omission.
2. Research expenditures and accounts payable were understated by approximately \$26,000 because the expenditures were not properly classified as accounts payable and Board personnel did not detect the omission.

Cause: The Board did not have someone other than the preparer recalculate the reported amounts on the transmittal forms to ensure accuracy. The Board was not properly reconciling their assessments recorded in the South Carolina Enterprise Information System (SCEIS) to the assessments reported by the Board on the United Soybean Board transmittal forms. The Board did not perform an adequate review of the transactions recorded in the South Carolina Enterprise Information System (SCEIS) to ensure that all accounts payable were properly recorded.

Effect: Procedures in place by the Board did not detect errors that caused the financial records to be inaccurate.

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require that all transactions be properly recorded and good internal control procedures require procedures to be in place to detect errors. Section 1220.228(a) of the Soybean Promotion and Research Order requires assessments to be properly remitted to the United Soybean Board by the last day of the month following the month in which assessments are received by the Board.

Recommendation: The Board should ensure that all assessments recorded in SCEIS are properly reconciled to assessments reported by the Board on the United Soybean Board transmittal forms. Procedures need to be implemented to ensure that all information used to prepare the financial statements is accurate. The Board should ensure that all information reported in the financial statements is accurately stated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

2012-2 Assessments Not Remitted Timely

Condition: Our testing of assessments disclosed instances where assessments received by the Board were not remitted timely to the United Soybean Board.

Cause: Unknown.

Effect: Noncompliance with Section 1220.228(a) of the Soybean Promotion and Research Order.

Criteria: Section 1220.228(a) of the Soybean Promotion and Research Order requires assessments to be properly remitted to the United Soybean Board by the last day of the month following the month in which assessments are received by the Board.

Recommendation: We recommend that procedures are implemented to ensure that the Board properly complies with the Soybean Promotion and Research Order.

**SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOYBEAN BOARD**

**STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS
JUNE 30, 2012**

During our current audit, we reviewed the status of action taken on the findings we reported on our report on the financial statements of the Board dated September 1, 2011 resulting from the audit of the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2011. The following findings were reported:

- 2011-1 Deficiencies Noted in Financial Records and Statements
- 2011-2 Assessments Not Remitted Timely

We noted similar deficiencies during the current year engagement and have reported similar findings in 2012-1 and 2012-2.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE

APPENDIX A



September 27, 2012

Rogers Laban, PA
P. O. Box 124
Columbia, South Carolina 29202

Please see below our responses to the audit findings reported in the Financial Statements of the South Carolina Soybean Board:

2012-1

1. The Soybean Board Manager (Stephanie Sox) made a calculation error in the amount of \$2,091.94. The difference will be sent with the next quarter's remittances. Also overlooked was an assessment from the state of Georgia in the amount of \$1,205.35. This will also be sent with the next quarter.

There were also other assessments that have not yet been reconciled as they were incomplete or incorrect when remitted from the First Purchaser. Contact has been made with the first purchasers and we are awaiting their responses. Upon reconciliation, these will be transmitted to USB. The amounts are listed below:

- Murphy Brown \$1,230.00
- Orangeburg Milling \$31.09
- Price's Grain \$159.35

2. The invoice dated 4/9/12 for the January-March quarterly payment to Clemson University related to the contracts between the Soybean Board and Clemson University was originally processed in April. However, the Comptroller General's Office rejected the payment and due to a system issue, SCDA did not realize that the payment had not processed until it was too late to pay in the correct fiscal year. As soon as this was discovered by the Finance Department, the document was resubmitted for payment. The Finance Department has in place a process that should ensure payments that are processed in SCEIS clear within a specific amount of time, however, this one particular document was caught up in SCEIS and we missed it. We will work to ensure these types of problems do not happen in the future.

Post Office Box 11280 • Columbia, South Carolina 29211
(803) 734-9807 • (803) 734-9808 (F)
www.scs soybeans.org

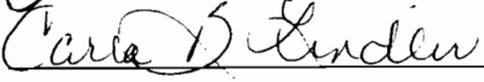


2012-2

Due to a stringent travel schedule during the month of February, the Soybean Board Manager was unable to process assessments until the end of the month. While they were processed within the allowable time, payment was not received by USB from South Carolina until after the deadline. See attached documentation for the date the transmittal form was submitted to USB.


Signed

Executive Director, SCSB
Title


Signed

Acct / FISCAL MANAGER
Title